JANET CHEUNG

 \mathbf{X}

Ryerson University

ABSTRACT

Scannable print technologies have expanded to reach various mediums, primarily in forms of quick-response codes, augmented reality, and near-field communication tags. This thesis is aimed to use a mixed method research approach to better understand the opportunities and challenges of scannable print technologies.



SCANNABLE PRINT TECHNOLOGIES

UNDERGRADUATE RESEARCH PAPER

LITERATURE REVIEW

• Quick-Response (QR) Codes are an evolution of the UPC code (Soon, 2008) that can be scanned using mobile devices to guide the consumer to online and offline digital content (Okazaki et al., 2012)

METHODOLOGY

1. **Social Media Review:** Three campaigns that used scannable print technologies were compared and analyzed. Each tweet was analyzed to determine the user's view of the campaign or the use of scannable technology (positive, negative, or neutral), and whether the tweet explicitly discussed the use of scannable print

2. **Online Survey:** A survey was made available to the public using Google Forms. Twelve questions were based on the Technology Acceptance Model (TAM). The mean was analyzed to understand the general perception of this technology by the participants • By using computers, such as smartphones, **Augmented Reality** (AR) allows viewers to see on-screen images interact with tangible objects in real life (Van Krevelen & Poelman, 2010)

Communication (NFC) Tags are an evolution of radio-frequency identification (RFID) tags that allow "short-range wireless communication" between two terminal points (Coskun et al., 2015, p.13348)

• Near-Field

DISCUSSION

Scannable print technologies should be applied more thoughtfully to improve usefulness
Scannable technologies should be unified to improve ease of use. If technology becomes completely integrated into the daily lives of consumers, it should become as accessible as possible



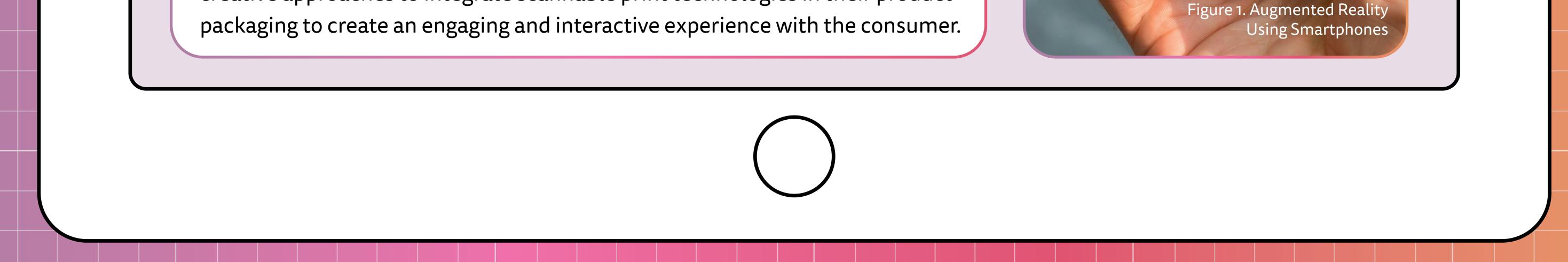
- The three campaigns each had search results that were mostly positive. However, there was little to no mention of the scannable component of the campaign
- **44.2%** surveyed confessed that they rarely made use of scannable print technologies
- Online Survey, Question 2: What forms of Scannable Print have you interacted with?
- Quick-Response (QR) Codes 90.8% Augmented Reality (AR) – 74.2% Near-Field Communication (NFC) Tags – 83.3% • Online Survey, Question 18: Do you want to see scannable print more widely available?
 - Yes 66%
 - No 5.8% I don't know – 28.2%

There are many ways to improve its usefulness and generate a better sense of the technology in consumer minds. Companies are encouraged to develop creative approaches to integrate scannable print technologies in their product



GRAPHIC COMMUNICATIONS RYFTAGA

ryetaga.com/2021 (in <u>company/ryetaga</u>)



CONCLUSION

Coskun, V., Ozdenizci, B., & Ok, K. (2015). The Survey on Near Field Communication. Sensors 2015, 15(6), 13348-13405. https://doi.org/10.3390/s150613348 Okazaki, S., Li, H., Hirose, M. (2012). Benchmarking the Use of QR Code in Mobile Promotion. Journal of Advertising Research. Heidelberg, Germany: Gabler Verlag. DOI: 10.2501/JAR-52-1-102-117 Phys.org, [photograph]. Retrieved from https://scx2.b-cdn.net/gfx/news/hires/2018/whatisaugmen.jpg

Soon, T. J. (2008). QR code. Synthesis Journal, 2008, 59-78.

Van Krevelen, D. W. F., & Poelman, R. (2010). A survey of augmented reality technologies, applications and limitations. International journal of virtual reality, 9(2), 1-20.